

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Name Petersons Premier Chlorinated Rubber Line Marking Paint Yellow

Product Inclusion This document covers Petersons Premier Chlorinated Rubber Line Marking

Paint in Yellow only.

Container Size 5L

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance of mixture and uses advised against

Identified UsesSee technical data sheet. For professional use only.Uses advised againstNo specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Petersons

9 Rathdown Close

Lissue Industrial Estate West

Lisburn BT28 2RB

T: +44 (0)28 9262 0300 F: +44 (0)28 9262 0309 Info@petersonstools.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency telephone +44 (0)28 9262 0300

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Classification, Labeling & Packaging Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225, Skin Irrit. 2 - H315, STOT SE. 3 - H336, Carc. 1B - H350, Rep. Tox. 1B - H360Df, STOT RE. 2 - H373 and

Chro. Aqu. Tox. 2 – H411. **Environmental hazards**

Not classified

2.2. Label Elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word

Named Chemicals on Label

Contains

H-statement(s)

Danger

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H350 May cause cancer.

H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P-statement(s) P210 Keep awat from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breath dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours or spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventialted place. Keep cool.

Supplemental hazard information EUH 208 Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH 201 Contains lead. Should not be used on surfaces liable to be chewed or sucked

by children.

2.3. Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

PBT and vPvB not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

SUBSTANCE [] MIXTURE [X]

Description of mixture

Mixture of resins, solvents, pigments and additives.

Dangerous component(s)

Ingredient	Cas-No:	R-Phrases	Concentration		
	EC No:	CLP Hazard Statements			
	Reach No:				
Toluene	108-88-3		10.0-25.0%		
	203-625-9				
	-	H225, H304, H315, H336,			
		H361d, H373			
Xylene	1330-20-7		2.5-10.0%		
	215-535-7				
	-	H226, H312, H315, H332	7 1		
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4		<0.6%		
	202-849-4				
	-	H225, H332			
		11223, 11332			
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7		0.1-1.0%		
	202-496-6				
	01-2119539477-28	11244 11247 11240 11254			
		H311, H317, H318, H351			
Lead sulfochromate	1344-37-212656-85-8		0.5-20.0%		
Lead surfocinomate	215-693-7235-759-9		0.5 20.070		
	= 23 333 7 233 7 33 3	11250 11250Df 11272 11400 11440			
		H350, H350Df, H373, H400,H410			

Additional Information: The text for CLP Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General notes

In case of doubt, or symptom persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek

medical advice.

In case of inhalation: Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped,

administer artificial respiration.

In case of skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use

recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

In case of eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

In case of ingestion: If accidentally swallowed rinse mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is

conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce

vomiting.

Self-protection of the first aider: None.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician: None.

Specific treatment: None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol-resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray/mist.

Extinguishing media which must

Water jet.

not be used for safety reasons

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazard Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products

may cause a health hazard. Appropriate breathing apparatus may be

required.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not allow run-off

firefighting. from fire fighting to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapours.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent – avoid use of solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

None.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions on safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been included. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear anti-static footwear and clothing and floors should of the conducting type. Isolate from sources of heat, sparks and open flame, no sparking tools should be used, avoid skin and eye contact, avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates and spray mist arising from the application of this mixture and avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in application area, for personal protection see Section 8, never use pressure to empty: container is not a pressure vessel, always keep in containers of same material as the original one, comply with the health and safety at work laws and do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in accordance with the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations, 2002, (DSEAR). The requirements are given in the HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Storage of Dangerous Substances: DSEAR.

Notes on joint storage

Store away from oxidising agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 °C and 25°C in a dry well ventilated place away from sources of heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. The principles contained in the HSE guidance note, Chemical Warehousing: The Storage of Packaged Dangerous Substances, should be observed when storing this product.

7.3. Specific end uses

No specific advice for end use available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Ingredients with Occupational Exposure Limits

(UK WELS)

Name	LTEL ppm	STEL ppm	STEL mg/m3	LTEL mg/m3	Notes
Toluene	50	100	384	191	Sk,
Xylene	50	100	441	220	Sk, BMGV
Ethylbenzene	100	125	552	441	Sk

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures Provide adequate ventilation. Suitable respiratory protection must be

worn if local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour

below the OEL.

Respiratory protection If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they

must use appropriate, certified respirators.

Eye/face protection Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Hand protection For prolonged or repeated handling, use Polyvinyl Alcohol (PVA) OR Viton

Rubber (FluorRuber). Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has

occurred.

Other skin and body protection Personnel should wear anti-static clothing made of natural fibre or high

temperature resistant synthetic fibre.

Environmental exposure controls Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Viscous liquid Colour: Various

Odour: Aromatic hydrocarbon.

Melting point/freezing point: >-95°C
Initial boiling point and boiling: 110-140

range

Flash point: 4°C

Vapour pressure: >0.3 kPa 20.0

Vapour density(air=1): >1.0
Relative density(g/ml): 1.39-1.55

Solubility: Miscible with organic solvents.

Partition coefficient: 2.65 log Pow Auto ignition temperature: >480°C Viscosity: 2.0 poise.

Explosive properties: May form explosives mixture with air.

9.2. Other information

None.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

No data available.

The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the Classification,

Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008,

(CLP) and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Repeated and prolonged contact Cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact

with mixturedermatitis and absorption through the skin.Liquid splashed into eyes:Cause irritation and reversible damage.Ingestion:May cause nausea, diarrhoea and vomiting.

Exposure to component solvent: May result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and

of stated occupational limit central nervous system.

Symptoms and signs: Include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and

in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Additional information

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

No information.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No information.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No information.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not available.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No information.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Residues in empty containers should be neutralised with decontaminant.

European List of Waste classification

Waste code: Name of Waste (according to Comission Decision 2000/532/EC):

08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information contact your local waste authority. Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the local waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information



14.1 UN number: 1263 **14.2 UN proper shipping** PAINT

name

14.3 Transport hazard 3

class(es)

14.4 Packing group

14.5 Environmental hazards Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant.

14.6 Special precautions for Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure.

user Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an

accident or spillage.

ADR Tunnel Restriction Code (D/E)
IMDG EmS F-E, S-E

IMDG Stowage Category B

14.7 Transport in bulk Not available

according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC

1272/2008, (CLP).

code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to:

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, (REACH).

Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures, Regulation (EC) No.

The Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmosphere Regulations, 2002, (DSEAR).

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations, 2002, (COSHH).

The Health and Safety at work etc Act, 1974, (HSWA)

Approved codes of Practice and Guidance notes relevant to this Safety Data Sheet:

The European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Guidance on the compilation of safety data

sheets, Version 2.1.

CEPE Guideline for Safety Data Sheets, 9th Edition.

HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres.

HSE guidance note, Chemical Warehousing: The Storage of Packaged Dangerous Substances.

HSE publication, EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H311: Toxic in contact with skin.

H312: Harmful in contact with skin.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H350: May cause cancer.

H360Df: May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH201: Contains lead. Should not be used on surfaces liable to be chewed or sucked by

Children

List of Wastes" Acronym & Abbreviation Key:

BMGV Biological Monitoring Guidance Values are given in Table 2 of EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

Sk Can be absorbed through the skin. Dermal absorption may lead to systemic toxicity.

CLP Classification, Labelling & Packaging Regulation

EC European Commission

EU European Union

US United States

CAS Chemical Abstract Service

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorization of Chemicals Regulation

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

LTEL Long term exposure limit

STEL Short term exposure limit

OEL Occupational exposure limit

ppm Parts per million

mg/m3 Milligrams per cubic meter

TLV Threshold Limit Value

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PEL Permissible Exposure Limits

VOC Volatile organic compounds

g/I Grams per liter

mg/kg Milligrams per kilogram

N/A Not applicable

LD50 Lethal dose at 50%

LC50 Lethal concentration at 50%

EC50 Half maximal effective concentration

IC50 Half maximal inhibitory concentration
PBT Persistent bioaccumulative toxic chemical
vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
EEC European Economic Community
ADR International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road
RID International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail
UN United Nations
IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IATA International Air Transport Association

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of

IBC International Bulk Container

This information is provided in accordance with the current status of our knowledge and experience. The Safety Data Sheet describes products with a view to relevant safety requirements. This information does not constitute a warranty of properties, features or qualities.