Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Line Marking Paint

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

- **1.1 Product identifier**
- : Line Marking Paint
- Product name Product description Product type UFI
- : Paint Aerosol.
- : Aerosol.
  - : TPFP-QEFE-NRJU-RTHD

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Consumer use Industrial use Professional use		
Uses advised against	Reason	
None identified.	-	

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

e-mail address of person	: rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu
responsible for this SDS	

#### **1.4 Emergency telephone number**

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

<u> </u>				
SII	n	n	Δ	r
υu	P		C	
-	-	-		

Telephone number Ireland	: +353 19014670
Hours of operation	: 24/7

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

# 2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms : Signal word : Danger

Line Marking Paint

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazard statements	222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burs eated. 319 - Causes serious eye irritation. 336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	st if
Precautionary statements		
General	<ul><li>103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.</li><li>102 - Keep out of reach of children.</li><li>101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li></ul>	
Prevention	280 - Wear eye or face protection. 210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ign ources. No smoking. 211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. 271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. 251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.	nition
Response	lot applicable.	
Storage	410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceedi	ng 50 °C.
Disposal	501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, region ational and international regulations.	⊧al,
Hazardous ingredients	cetone	
Supplemental label elements	UH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. UH208 - Contains maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction. UH211 - Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when spra o not breathe spray or mist.	ayed.
Supplemental label elements : Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006	lot applicable.	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	lot applicable.	
Special packaging requirem		
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	lot applicable.	
Tactile warning of danger	lot applicable.	

### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures Ireland

: Mixture

Line Marking Paint

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients** Specific Conc. **Identifiers** % Classification **Product/ingredient name** Type Limits, M-factors and ATEs ≥25 - ≤50 Flam. Gas 1A, H220 liquefied petroleum gas REACH #: Annex V [2] EC: 270-704-2 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 CAS: 68476-85-7 Index: 649-202-00-6 ≥10 - ≤25 acetone REACH #: Flam. Liq. 2, H225 [1] [2] 01-2119471330-49 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EC: 200-662-2 EUH066 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8 ≥10 - <20 n-butyl acetate REACH #: Flam. Liq. 3, H226 [1] [2] STOT SE 3, H336 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 EUH066 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1 Ethylacetate REACH #: ≤10 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 [1] [2] 01-2119475103-46 Eve Irrit. 2, H319 EC: 205-500-4 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 CAS: 141-78-6 Index: 607-022-00-5 REACH #: Flam. Liq. 3, H226 [1] [2] 1-methoxy-2-propanol ≤3 STOT SE 3, H336 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3 EC: 203-571-6 ≤0,1 ATE [Oral] = 400 maleic anhydride Acute Tox. 4, H302 [1] [2] CAS: 108-31-6 Skin Corr. 1, H314 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: Index: 607-096-00-9 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 C ≥ 0,001% Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation) EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

This mixture contains  $\geq$  1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

statements declared

above.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	-	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	om	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
Additional information	:	Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not puncture, incinerate or store the container at temperatures above 49°C (120°F) or in direct sunlight. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria							
	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold					
P3a	150 tonne	500 tonne					

### 7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations

: Not available.

# Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

Line Marking Paint

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ireland

Product/ingredient	name Exposure limit values
liquefied petroleum gas	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2020). OELV-8hr: 1000 ppm 8 hours. Form: liquified gas
	OELV-8hr: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: liquified gas
	OELV-15min: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. Form: liquified gas
	OELV-15min: 2250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: liquified gas
acetone	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2020).
	OELV-8hr: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2020).
	OELV-15min: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-8hr: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylacetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2020).
	OELV-8hr: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OELV-8hr: 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 568 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
maleic anhydride	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2020). Skin sensitiser.
	OELV-8hr: 0,01 ppm 8 hours. Form: The Inhalable Fraction and
	Vapour note is used when a material exerts sufficient vapour
	pressure such that it may be present in both particle and vapour
	phases.
	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace
procedures	atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness
	of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory
	protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as
	the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for
	the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with
	limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace
	atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of
	exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482
	(Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures
	for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance
	documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
	required.
DNELs/DMELs	

7/21

Line Marking Paint

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
acetone	DNEL	Long term Oral	62 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Long torm Dames	bw/day	population	Sustamia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Long torm Damas	bw/day	population Workers	Sustamia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		Long torm	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Svetomie
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	200 mg/m°	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	1210 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		Cysternic
	DNEL	Short term	2420 mg/	Workers	Local
	DITEE	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		2000
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
-			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	3,4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term	960 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	960 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	480 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	400 / 2		
	DNEL	Long term	480 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	950 7	Conoral	Cuptore:-
	DNEL	Short term	859,7 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population [Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term	859,7 mg/	General	Local
	DIVEL	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	LUCAI
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	102,34 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	102,34 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3,4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
				[Consumers]	
Ethylacetate	DNEL	Short term	1468 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	$m^3$		Curata radia
	DNEL	Short term	1468 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	m <sup>3</sup> 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	7.54 mg/m°	VVUINEIS	LUCAI
	DNEL	Long term	34 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	5 ·		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	734 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	ĺ	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term	734 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	367 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	1			[Consumers]	
				[]	

Line Marking Paint

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	DNEL	Long term	367 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	37 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4,5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
				[Consumers]	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL	Short term	553,5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		
	DNEL	Long term	369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	50,6 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day	<b>a</b> .	
	DNEL	Long term	43,9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	18,1 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	3,3 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
				[Consumers]	

### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0,18 mg/l	-
	Marine	0,018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0,981 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0,0981 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0,0903 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	35,6 mg/l	-
	Plant		
Ethylacetate	Fresh water	0,26 mg/l	-
,	Marine	0,026 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0,34 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0,034 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0,22 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	650 mg/l	_
	Plant	000 mg,	
titanium dioxide	Fresh water	0,127 mg/l	-
	Marine	>1 mg/l	_
	Sewage Treatment	>100 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	>1000 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	>100 mg/kg	-
	Soil	100 mg/kg	_
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Fresh water	10 mg/l	_
	Fresh water sediment	41,6 mg/l	_
	Marine water sediment	4,17 mg/l	_
	Soil	2,47 mg/l	_
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	_
	Plant	loo mg/l	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Fresh water	0,635 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	3,29 mg/kg	_
	Marine water sediment	0,329 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0,29 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant		
e of issue/Date of revision : 10/06/202	22 Date of previous issue	: 10/06/2022	Version : 5

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

butan-1-ol	Fresh water	0,082 mg/l	-
	Marine	0,0082 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0,178 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0,0178 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0,015 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	2476 mg/l	-
	Plant		
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	Fresh water	0,327 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	Marine water	0,327 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	Fresh water sediment	12,46 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	12,46 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Sewage Treatment	6,58 mg/l	-
	Plant		
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0,1 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0,01 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	13,7 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	1,37 mg/kg	-
	Soil	2,68 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	9,6 mg/l	-

Plant

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
		limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and
	safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields (EN 166)

### **Skin protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): neoprene (0.65mm).
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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

		The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: EN374. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter. (EN 140)
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid. [Aerosol.]
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Solvent-like [Slight]
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range	<ul><li>Not available.</li><li>Not available.</li></ul>

liquefied petroleum gas		-161,48	-258,7	Literature
Flammability (solid, gas)	flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open , sparks and static discharge and heat. flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: and mechanical impacts. may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapour may travel a erable distance to source of ignition and flash back.			
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Not available.			
Flash point Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature	: Not ava : Not ava	ilable.	[Literature]	
pH pH : Justification	: Not ava : Not ava			

°F

Date of issue/Date of revision

Ingredient name

°C

Method

Line Marking Paint

SECTION 9: Physical ar	1a	cnemical properties
Viscosity	1	Dynamic: 95 to 174 mPa·s [ASTM D562 [KU]] Kinematic: 76,367 mm²/s
Solubility(ies)	:	
Not available.		
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	:	400 kPa (3000 mm Hg) [calculated.]
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	0,82 to 0,88
Density	:	1,184 to 1,244 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] [DIN 53217]
Vapour density	:	Not available.
Explosive properties	:	Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts. Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not puncture, incinerate or store the container at temperatures above 49°C (120°F) or in direct sunlight. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Oxidising properties	:	Not available.
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	1	Not applicable.
9.2 Other information		
Heat of combustion	:	13,3 kJ/g
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	:	Spray

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 <u>Acute toxicity</u>

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	>7400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>7400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	23,4 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	9700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-
Ethylacetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>22,5 mg/l	6 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4935 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	30,02 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	11700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	4016 mg/kg	-
maleic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	-
2	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1090 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	(vapours)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
n-butyl acetate	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	23,4
maleic anhydride	400	2620	N/A	N/A	N/A

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone maleic anhydride	Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit	-	20 mg 1 Percent -	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Eyes	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
O state of the second stat	

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
maleic anhydride	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising	
Conclusion/Summary		1		
Skin	: Based on availa	able data, the classification cri	eria are not met.	
Respiratory	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on availa	able data, the classification cri	eria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity				
It has been observed that the o leading to significant impairme	5	•	espirable dust is inhaled in quantities	

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/06/2022	Date of previous issue	: 10/06/2022	Version	:5	13/21

Line Marking Paint

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Teratogenicity**

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Line Marking Paint acetone n-butyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects
Ethylacetate 1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
maleic anhydride	Category 1	inhalation	-

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation. Routes of entry not anticipated: Oral.
Potential acute health effects	i.	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	1	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>sic</u>	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effec	<u>ts</u>	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects	
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute LC50 8098000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours
		dubia - Neonate	
	Acute LC50 7280000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0,5 ml/L Marine water	Algae - Karenia brevis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0,016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 1 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus -	42 days
		Larvae	
n-butyl acetate	Acute EC50 397 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus	72 hours
		subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 44 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 23 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec.	21 days
Ethylacetate	Acute EC50 5600 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus	72 hours
-	_	subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 165 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia	48 hours
		Cucullata	
	Acute LC50 230 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2,4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 6,9 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	6,9 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum	7 days
		capricomutum	
	Acute EC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6812 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
maleic anhydride	Acute LC50 230000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classifica	ition criteria are not met.	

#### Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Line Marking Paint

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

	•			
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	-	90 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
	OECD 301D -	83 % - Readily - 28 days 80 % - 5 days	-	-
Ethylacetate	OECD 301D	70 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	OECD 301E OECD 301C	96 % - Readily - 28 days 88 to 92 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
	-	>90 % - Readily - 5 days	1,95 gO₂/g ThOD	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
acetone	-	-	Readily
n-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
Ethylacetate	-	-	Readily
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Fresh water <28 days, 5 to 25°C	-	Readily
maleic anhydride	-	-	Readily

### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
acetone	-0,23	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2,3	10	low
Ethylacetate	0,68	30	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	<100	low
maleic anhydride	-2,78	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Volatile. This product is likely to volatilise rapidly into the air because of its high vapour pressure.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

### Product

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Methods of disposal Hazardous waste European waste catalo	<ul> <li>The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.</li> <li>Yes.</li> </ul>
Waste code	Waste designation
20 01 27*	paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing hazardous substances

Special precautions :

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS, flammable
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2	2	2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity : ≤1L Tunnel code (D) <u>Remarks</u> Limited Quantity - ADR/IMDG 3.4		Emergency schedules : F-D, S-U <u>Remarks</u> : ≤ 1L: Limited Quantity - IMDG 3.4	Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203.

14.6 Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

Line Marking Paint

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation
Annex XIV
None of the components are listed.
Substances of very high concern
None of the components are listed.
Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles
Other EU regulations
VOC :
VOC for Ready-for-Use : Exempt Mixture
Industrial emissions : Listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EC)
Not listed.
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EC) Not listed.
Persistent Organic Pollutants (850/2004/EC)
Not listed.
Aerosol dispensers :
3
Extremely flammable
Seveso Directive
This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.
Danger criteria
Category
P3a
Ireland

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Biocidal products regulation	: Not applicable.
References	<ul> <li>Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001 (S.I. No. 619 of 2001)</li> <li>Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Carcinogens) Regulations 2001 (S.I. No. 78 of 2001)</li> <li>Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (General Application) Regulations 2007</li> <li>Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878</li> <li>REGULATION (EU) 2016/425 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and repealing Council</li> </ul>
	Directive 89/686/EEC

### **International regulations**

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

List name	Ingredient name	Status
Not listed.		

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

List name		Ingredient name Status	
Not listed.			
<b>CN code</b> : 3208 10 90		I	
Inventory list			
Australia	1	Not determined.	
Canada	1	At least one component is not listed.	
China	:	At least one component is not listed.	
Eurasian Economic Union	:	Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.	
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): At least one component is not listed.	
New Zealand	1	At least one component is not listed.	
Philippines	1	Not determined.	
Republic of Korea	1	At least one component is not listed.	
Taiwan	:	Not determined.	
Thailand	:	Not determined.	
Turkey	:	At least one component is not listed.	
United States	:	Not determined.	
Viet Nam	1	Not determined.	
5.2 Chemical safety ssessment	:	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments an required.	re still

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available	

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/06/2022	Date of previous issue	:10/06/2022	Version	:5	19/21
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Line Marking Paint

	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative a PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concer			
	RRN = REACH Registration Numbe SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bio	r		
Procedure used to derive th	e classification according to Regulatio	<u>n (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]</u>		
(	Classification	Justification		
Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336		Bridging principle "Aerosols" Calculation method Calculation method		
Full text of abbreviated H st	atements			
ireland				
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H229heated.H225Highly flammable liquidH226Flammable liquid and yH280Contains gas under preH302Harmful if swallowed.H314Causes severe skin buH317May cause an allergic sH318Causes serious eye daH319Causes serious eye irriH334May cause allergy or ainhaled.H336H372Causes damage to orgEUH066Repeated exposure maEUH071Corrosive to the respiration	aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if d and vapour. vapour. essure; may explode if heated. rns and eye damage. skin reaction. mage. tation. sthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if or dizziness. Jans through prolonged or repeated exposure. ay cause skin dryness or cracking. atory tract.		
<u>CLP/GHS</u>	Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Gas 1A Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQU Fress. Gas (Liq. GASES UNDER P ) Resp. Sens. 1 Skin Corr. 1 Skin Sens. 1A STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGE EXPOSURE - Cate	egory 1 MAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 MAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SES - Category 1A JIDS - Category 2 JIDS - Category 3 RESSURE - Liquefied gas ENSITISATION - Category 1 N/IRRITATION - Category 1 TON - Category 1A TORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED		
Date of printing	: 10/06/2022			
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 10/06/2022			
Date of previous issue	: 10/06/2022			
/ersion	: 5			
Notice to reader				

Line Marking Paint

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

IMPORTANT NOTE: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates. Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.